

Rapid Response Mechanism: Rapid Evidence Synthesis for Environment action

Dr. Ismael Kawooya





 "The only man who behaves sensibly is my tailor; he takes my measurements anew every time he sees me, while all the rest go on with their old measurements and expect me to fit them." George Bernard Shaw (1856-1950)



Clarifying uncertainties and needs for evaluation

- Are there important uncertainties that should be addressed prior to making a decision?
- What should potentially be included in the evidence synthesis and how?



It is unrealistic to assume that we can predict the impacts of a public policy with certainty

- Rigorous evidence is often lacking
- Policymakers must still make decisions
- Consequently, evidence is almost always warranted
- Providing evidence will be used to
 - Reduce important uncertainties about implementing an option
 - Identify the need for corrective actions, if things are not going as planned
 - Support continuation of the option, if things are going as planned



Are there uncertainties that should be addressed prior to making a decision?

- It may be prudent to undertake a synthesis before full implementation for options that are promising, but
 - Entail large investments or
 - Important risks of adverse effects
- Undertaking a rigorous evidence synthesis, for example as a pilot study, can potentially
 - Prevent wasting resources
 - Reduce the risk of unintended impacts
 - Ensure that desired impacts will be achieved



Evidence syntheses can be expensive to conduct

- Budget, time or data constraints limit the ability to undertake evidence syntheses
- These constraints can impact on the reliability of evidence syntheses in a number of ways, including:
 - Threats to the overall validity of the results; e.g. due to
 - Insufficient planning or follow-up
 - A lack of evidence to include
 - Reliance on inadequate evidence sources
 - Selection of an inappropriate comparison



Public systems queries

- Financing, Governance
- Organization arrangements
- Implementation strategies
- Technology assessments

Time within - 28days (timely)





 Search strategy drawn and compared amongst team

 Search is done for the best available research evidence

 Evidence appraised, contextualized and summarized

SURE Rapid Response

A cost analysis tool for Obstetric Fistula Repair

July 2010

This rapid response was prepared by the Uganda country node of the Regional East African Community Health (REACH) This document was prepared in response to a specific question from a Senior Health policymaker in Uganda.

This rapid response includes:

- Summary of research findings, based on one or more systematic reviews of research on this topic - Relevance for low- and middleincome countries

X Not included:

- Recommendations





Products



dedicated to supporting the use of evidence to reduce poverty and

ACRES (https://acres.or.ug)

inequality in Africa.

Center for Rapid Evidence Synthesis (ACRES)
Pan African Collective for Evidence (PACE)

May 2025

METHODS TO VERIFY & VALIDATE ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE SYSTEMS: EMERGING LANDSCAPE

This rapid response brief summarizes **evidence on the emerging landscape of verification and validation methods for Artificial Intelligence (AI) systems.** Verification & validation methods are processes undertaken to assess the functional, operational, security, and safety requirements of the design, development, and deployment of AI systems with an aim of ensuring that these meet the stakeholders' needs and interests.

A scoping review was conducted to inform this evidence brief, and it included 64 reports, including peer-reviewed articles, conference proceedings, and graduate theses, among others.

KEY MESSAGES

Energy-Use Explorer **♣** Upload What is a Rapid About this app Response? Rapid Responses address t needs of policymakers and managers for research evid that has been appraised and OAbout Developer: Center for Rapid Evidence Synthesis (ACRES) Decision maker: National Renewable Energy Platform (NREE contextualised in a matter of or days, if it is going to be of opulation: Colour by to them. The Responses ad Refugees Energy use questions about national, re and global systems. **ACRES** – The Center for Rapid Evidence Synthesis (ACRES) is a knowledge brokering institution in Uganda whose aim includes delivering timely evidence, building Energy type: Biomass Energy use: Cooking capacity and improving the Refugees: 50.0 % understanding of the effective, efficient and sustainable use of the rapid evidence syntheses for policy making in Africa. PACE- Pan African Collective for Evidence is a non-profit organisation in South Africa

Varification and validation methods have increased and become

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